Appln. No. 10/560,097 Amendment Dated Monday, November 03, 2008 Reply to the Office action of May 2, 2008

Amendments to the Claims

Kindly amend claim 1 and cancel claim 16 as indicated in the listing below without prejudice to the subject matter involved. This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

- (Currently amended): A method for the season-long control of unwanted vegetation, said method comprising a single application of a herbicidal combination comprising a 2-(substituted benzoyl)-1,3-cyclohexanedione or metal chelate thereof, glyphosate or a salt thereof and an acetamide.
- (Original): A method according to claim 1 wherein the 2-(substituted benzoyl)-1,3cyclohexanedione is a compound of formula (I)

$$(Q)_p \xrightarrow{Q} (Z)_n \qquad \qquad (I)$$

wherein X represents a halogen atom; a straight- or branched-chain alkyl or alkoxy group containing up to six carbon atoms which is optionally substituted by one or more groups – OR^1 or one or more halogen atoms; or a group selected from nitro, cyano, $-CO_2R^2$, $-S(O)_mR^1$, $-O(CH_2)_rOR^1$, $-COR^2$, $-NR^2R^3$, $-SO_2RR^2R^3$, $-CONR^2R^3$, $-CSNR^2R^3$ and $-OSO_2R^4$; $-SR^3$, $-SR^3$,

 R^1 represents a straight- or branched-chain alkyl group containing up to six carbon atoms which is optionally substituted by one or more halogen atoms;

R² and R³ each independently represents a hydrogen atom; or a straight- or branched-chain alkyl group containing up to six carbon atoms which is optionally substituted by one or more halogen atoms;

R⁴ represents a straight-or branched-chain alkyl, alkenyl or alkynyl group containing up to six carbon atoms optionally substituted by one or more halogen atoms; or a cycloalkyl group containing from three to six carbon atoms:

Appln. No. 10/560,097 Amendment Dated Monday, November 03, 2008 Reply to the Office action of May 2, 2008

each Z independently represents halo, nitro, cyano, $S(O)_m R^5$, $O_{1.6}$ alkyl, $C_{1.6}$ alkoxy, $C_{1.6}$ haloalkyl, $C_{1.6}$ haloalkoxy, carboxy, $C_{1.6}$ alkylcarbonyloxy, $C_{1.6}$ alkoxycarbonyl, $C_{1.6}$ alkylcarbonyl, amino, $C_{1.6}$ alkylamino, $C_{1.6}$ alkylcarbonylamino, $C_{1.6}$ alkylcarbonylamino, $C_{1.6}$ alkylaminocarbonylamino, $C_{1.6}$ alkylaminocarbonylamino, $C_{1.6}$ alkylaminocarbonylamino, $C_{1.6}$ alkylaminocarbonylamino, $C_{1.6}$ alkylaminocarbonylamino having independently the stated number of carbon atoms in each alkyl group, $C_{1.6}$ alkylaminocarbonyloxy, $C_{1.6}$ dialkylarbonyloxy, phenylcarbonyloxy, $C_{1.6}$ dialkylarbonyloxy, phenylcarbonyl, phenylcarbonyloxy, substituted phenylcarbonylamino, substituted phenylcarbonylamino, substituted phenylcarbonylamino, phenoxy or substituted phenoxy; R^5 represents a straight or branched chain alkyl group containing up to six carbon atoms; each Q independently represents $C_{1.4}$ alkyl or $-CO_2R^6$ wherein R^6 is $C_{1.4}$ alkyl; m is zero, one or two;

n is zero or an integer from one to four;

r is one, two or three; and

p is zero or an integer from one to six

and any agriculturally acceptable metal chelate thereof formula (II).

- (Original): A method according to claim 2, wherein X is chloro, bromo, nitro, cyano, C₁-C₄ alkyl, -CF₃, -S(O)_mR¹, or -OR¹; each Z is independently chloro, bromo, nitro, cyano, C₁-C₄ alkyl, -CF₃, -OR¹, -OS(O)_mR⁵ or -S(O)_mR⁵; n is one or two; and p is zero, one or two.
- 4. (Original): A method according to claim 3, wherein the 2-(substituted benzoyl)-1,3-cyclohexanedione of formula (I) is selected from the group consisting of 2-(2'-nitro-4'-methylsulphonylbenzoyl)-1,3-cyclohexanedione, 2-(2'-nitro-4'-methylsulphonylbenzoyl)-1,3-cyclohexanedione, 2-(2'-chloro-4'-methylsulphonylbenzoyl)-1,3-cyclohexanedione, 2-(2-chloro-3-ethoxy-4-methanesulphonylbenzoyl)-5-methyl-1,3-cyclohexanedione and 2-(2-chloro-3-ethoxy-4-ethanesulphonylbenzoyl)-5-methyl-1,3-cyclohexanedione.
- (Previously presented): A method according to claim 1, wherein the acetamide is a chloroacetamide or an oxyacetamide.

 (Original): A method according to claim 5, wherein the chloroacetamide is a compound of formula (II)

$$\begin{array}{c|c} R^7 & R^9 \\ \hline \\ A & \\ \hline \\ R^{10} \\ \hline \\ CI \\ \end{array} \hspace{1cm} (II)$$

wherein R^7 is hydrogen, methyl or ethyl; R^9 is hydrogen, methyl or ethyl; R^9 is hydrogen or methyl; R^{10} is methyl, -OCH₃, -CH₂OCH₃, -OCH₂CH₃, -CH₂OCH₂CH₃, -OCH(CH₃)₂, -OCH₂CH₂CH₃, or a group

and A is S or CH=CH.

- (Original): A method according to claim 6, wherein A is CH=CH; R⁷ is hydrogen, methyl or ethyl; R⁸ is hydrogen, methyl or ethyl; R⁹ is hydrogen or methyl; R¹⁰ is methyl, -OCH₃, -CH₂OCH₃, -OCH₂CH₃, -CH₂OCH₂CH₂CH₃, -OCH(CH₃)₂, or -OCH₂CH₂CH₂CH₃.
- (Original): A method according to claim 7, wherein the chloroacetamide is selected from the group consisting of metolachlor, acetochlor and alachlor.
- 9. (Original): A method according to claim 8, wherein the chloroacetamide is s-metolachlor.
- (Original): A method according to claim 6, wherein A is S; R⁷, R⁸ and R⁹ are methyl; and R¹⁰ is methoxymethyl.

 (Original): A method according to claim 5, wherein the oxyacetamide is a compound of formula (III)

wherein R¹¹ is hydrogen, methyl, ethyl, propyl or isopropyl; R¹² is hydrogen or halo; and R¹³ is a group

- (Original): A method according to claim 11, wherein R¹¹ is methyl or isopropyl; R¹² is hydrogen or fluoro.
- (Original): A method according to claim 12, wherein the oxyacetamide is flufenacet or mefanacet.
- 14. (Original): A method according to claim 13, wherein the oxyacetamide is flufenacet.
- (Currently Amended): A method according to claim 1, wherein the combination further comprises one or more additional active ingredients.
- 16. (Cancelled)
- 17. (Cancelled).

Appln. No. 10/560,097 Amendment Dated Monday, November 03, 2008 Reply to the Office action of May 2, 2008

18. (Original): A herbicidal composition comprising a 2-(substituted benzoyl)-1,3-cyclohexanedione or metal chelate thereof, glyphosate or a salt thereof and an acetamide, provided that (i) when the 2-(substituted benzoyl)-1,3-cyclohexanedione is mesotrione, then the acetamide is not metolachlor, acetochlor, alachlor or dimethenamide, and (ii) when the acetamide is dimethenamide, then the 2-(substituted benzoyl)-1,3-cyclohexanedione is not 2-(2-chloro-4-methanesulfonylbenzoyl)-1,3-cyclohexanedione or 2-(4-methylsulfonyloxy-2-nitrobenzoyl)-4,4,6,6-tetramethyl-1,3-cyclohexanedione.